

# Strong Stability of Weighted Sums of NA Random Variables

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## Abstract:

In this paper we study the almost sure(strong) stability of weighted sums of NA random variables. We prove the following main results.

**Theorem 1** Let  $\{a_n, n \geq 1\}$  and  $\{b_n, n \geq 1\}$  be two sequences of positive numbers with  $c_n = b_n/a_n$  and  $b_n \uparrow \infty$ . Let  $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$  be a sequence of NA random variables which is stochastically dominated by a non-negative random variable  $X$ . Set  $N(x) = \text{Card}\{n : c_n \leq x\}, x > 0$ .  $1 \leq p \leq 2$ . If the following conditions are satisfied:

- (1)  $EN(X) < \infty$ ,
  - (2)  $\int_0^\infty t^{p-1}P(X > t) \int_t^\infty N(y)/y^{p+1}dydt < \infty$ ,
- then there exist  $d_n \in R, n = 1, 2, \dots$  such that

$$b_n^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i - d_n \rightarrow 0 \quad a.s..$$

**Theorem 2** Let  $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$  be a sequence of identically distributed NA random variables. If  $E|X_1|^\alpha(\log^+ |X_1|) < \infty$ , then there exist  $d_n \in R, n = 1, 2, \dots$  such that  $b_n^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i - d_n \rightarrow 0 \quad a.s..$

**Theorem 3** Let  $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$  be a sequence of NA random variables(not necessarily identically distributed).  $1 \leq P \leq 2$ . If  $\sum_{n=1}^\infty n^{-p}E|X_n|^\alpha(\log^+ |X_n|)^p < \infty$ , then there exist  $\{d_n\} \subset R$  such that  $b_n^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i - d_n \rightarrow 0 \quad a.s..$